

FURNISHING.  
OF THE CLOTHING BUYERS  
AND WINTER NOVELTIES  
CHILDREN'S  
NG.  
Styles! Low Prices!  
of Goods in Our Tailoring De  
BROS.,  
and Furnishers.  
HALL STREET.

OWN & KING,  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
and Woolen Mill Specialties  
—AND—  
GENERAL MILL FURNISHERS  
ols, Engineers' Supplies, Belting,  
the Fittings and Brass Goods,  
REET, ATLANTA.

COMPANY.  
Safe Deposit Company,  
NTA.  
\$100,000.00.  
ABBOTT & SMITH, Attorneys,  
lands that you have your titles warranted. Are  
indifferent about selling? To be sure of no  
ent. Are you wanting to sell to a buyer in  
ing the title warranted for the benefit of the  
hand against like warm bidding by announcing  
ANY COMPANY? Are you seeking a loan  
any company title transferable as collateral  
regular. Address,  
ALEX. W. SMITH, Secretary.

WAY!  
With every ton of Lump Coal purchased from  
to a chance of securing a lovely set of DIA-  
duplicate of it and a number of same will be  
at 10 o'clock, no, a little boy will miss  
the number of which shall take the Diamonds  
off. This is no lottery of humbug scheme, but  
a really fair trial. We will have the  
SCIPLE SONS.  
Sons,  
Terra Cotta, Stove Flue,  
REDUCES INSURANCE.  
ps, Stove Thimbles, Fire Brick,  
the Shingles, Plasterers' Hair,  
st Grade and Smith Coals.  
KHAM HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA

NG GOODS.  
WASHINGTON, D.C.  
Cor. 7th and E. Streets.

BROS.,  
Atlanta, Ga.  
FURNISHERS.  
Manufacturers  
IN THE STATE.  
ents for the  
aylor Hat.  
BROS.,  
HALL STREET.

HAPPY ST. LOUIS.

Because the President's Party  
Stopped Over

ON THEIR WAY TO PIEDMONT FAIR.

Processions in the Streets—Serenades, Bon-  
fires, Etc.—A Ride Down the River—  
Off to Chicago.

St. Louis, Mo., October 4.—Fair weather,  
light northerly winds, veering to easterly, cool  
stationary temperature.—"Cleveland weather"  
—In short.

The procession, with brass bands and Glee  
clubs were still passing the president's window  
at midnight last night, and processions and  
brass bands were moving amiably up and  
down before the hotel before breakfast this  
morning.

The president and Mrs. Cleveland, despite  
the continuous round of star spangled hosannas  
which they have experienced, are in ex-  
cellent health and spirits.

Towns and cities all along the line of travel,  
at which it is proposed to make stops, have  
sent telegrams to Columbus, Missouri, asking  
more time be given and places not on the list  
are urging that visits be paid them. In every  
case, so far, a reply has been sent to the effect  
that it will be impossible to change the pro-  
gramme.

Today's programme of entertainment com-  
prehended a reception, boat ride, a ride to the  
fair grounds, a gorgeous evening pageant, ball  
and departure for Chicago.

At 9 o'clock the president was met at the  
hotel by a committee and escorted to the court-  
house under protection of a troop of mounted  
police.

THE DRUMMERS IN LINE.

The programme for two hours was the recep-  
tion of the Commercial Travelers' association  
of St. Louis, and such other citizens as could  
find an opportunity to make their way to him. In  
other words, it was strictly a public reception.  
The rotunda of the courthouse was handsomely  
decorated with evergreens and bunting, and on  
a step of the richly carved pagoda the  
president took the hand of each man as they  
passed. About 500 traveling men had returned  
to the city for the occasion, and passed by in  
single file.

Following them was a crowd, and handshak-  
ing continued until 10:30. The shakers had  
all sorts of grips, and it was often necessary  
for the president to twist his hand from a  
hearty grasp.

One old lady became so enthusiastic that  
she attempted

to kiss the president,  
but he declined, and she was moved down the  
line. The reception over, the president  
hurried to his carriage through a side en-  
trance, and was driven to the excursion  
train, and was lying at the foot of  
"Chesnut street." At the same time Mrs. Cleve-  
land left the Lindell house, and was aboard  
the boat a few minutes later. The vessel was  
decorated with flowers. The saloon of the  
vessel was handsomely decorated with flowers.

The United States Army band, under the  
direction of Mr. John Philip Sousa, was on  
board. There were between three and four  
hundred invited guests on board, including  
members of the Ironclad club of Chicago and a  
number of the city's prominent people.

An accompanying excursion boat fired artil-  
lery salutes, and the vessel started on its  
trip to Jefferson barracks. The saloon of the  
vessel was handsomely decorated with flowers.

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BETRAYED BY LETTER.

How a Murderer Was Caught  
Up With.

HISTORY OF A TERRIBLE CRIME.

An Old Negro Murderer and His Wife  
Made Away With—Others Criminal  
News Throughout the Country.

Lincoln, Neb., October 4.—[Special.]—The  
chief of Shelby county, Tennessee, arrived  
here yesterday (Tuesday) morning, and was  
arrested at Ord, today he applied to Gov-  
ernor Thayer for extradition papers for McMa-  
hon, who is wanted in Memphis on the charge  
of being concerned in the murder of a negro  
near there last spring.

Both McMahon and the murdered man were  
colored men. Yesterday the negro got into  
a quarrel with the proprietor, and struck  
him. That night the proprietor, together with  
several of his employees, of whom McMahon is  
said to be one, went to the negro's cabin. The  
owner shot him dead, and McMahon and the  
rest threw his body into a creek.

Three times ago, while McMahon was at  
Ord, a letter intended for him got into the  
hands of the station agent. It read: "The  
body of the negro has been discovered. Smith  
and Brown in jail. Merriek turned state's evi-  
dence. Skip to Canada." The letter was  
postmarked "Memphis, Tenn.," and ad-  
dressed "Box 217, Ord, Neb."

The letter was over a month old, and the  
postmaster wanted to know if McMahon in-  
quired for a day in box 217. He was  
arrested, and communication with the Mem-  
phis authorities revealed the fact that he was  
one of the men wanted for the murder of the  
negro that night.

THE ANARCHISTS' PETITION.

Sending Blanks to Several States for Signa-  
tures.

Chicago, October 4.—S. O'Brien, president  
of the Anarchy association, which has charge  
of petitions to Governor Oglesby in behalf of  
the condemned anarchists, said yesterday that  
he had received from the Chicago anarchists  
a demand for petition blanks, and thousands  
of copies have been sent to  
California, Missouri, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New  
York and other states. New York alone will  
furnish some fifty thousand signatures to the  
petition, while in Boston, great numbers of  
signatures of prominent citizens have been ob-  
tained.

In Chicago the number of signatures is  
large, most of all the members of the various  
labor organizations having signed the petition.  
The defense fund of the anarchists has been  
considerably increased since the announce-  
ment of the petition, and the fund is now  
about \$10,000.

A subscription in favor of the anarchists has  
been started in England. Gustave Belz says  
that during the last two weeks the amount of  
money subscribed for the defense fund by the  
German unions of Chicago amounts to nearly  
thirty thousand dollars. The large cities of  
the United States are expected to contribute  
thousands of dollars during the present month.  
The attorneys are rapidly closing up their  
work preparatory to presenting the anarchists  
case to the United States supreme court.

Deputy Snow, announcing that a complete  
transcript of the record would be finished and  
sent to the United States supreme court in  
next week. General Pryor will not come to  
the city.

DEAD IN THE SLOPE.

Two Men's Curiosity Led to Their Death—  
Suffocated by a Steam Pump.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, October 4.—William  
Wood, aged 15, son of Frank Wood, of the  
Mower and Reaper company, and his father's  
coachman, Joe Hawkins, drove out to the  
factory to see the new steam pump. The pump  
was being tested, and the boys were told to  
stand back. They did not, and the pump  
exploded, and the boys were killed.

St. Joseph, Mich., October 4.—The schooner  
Havana, owned by Captain A. P. Read, of  
Kenosha, was sighted off this port yesterday  
morning, and was found to be in a sinking  
condition, and the crew were unable to get  
her to the shore. She was about three-fourths  
of a mile off the shore, and the vessel went  
down, and the crew were killed.

St. Ignace, Mich., October 4.—The Canadian  
passenger propeller California, which left  
Chicago Saturday night, was struck by yester-  
day's gale on Lake Michigan. Her hold soon  
filled and extinguished the fire, and about one  
o'clock, when off St. Helena, she broke up and  
went down. Seven of the crew reached Point  
Les Barres in a life boat in almost perfect  
condition, and those not accounted for are  
Captain John Trow, the first mate, purser, first  
engineer, second engineer, one fireman, cook,  
cabin boy and a mass of passengers. It is pos-  
sible that the captain and some of the crew  
may have reached St. Helena in the other  
boat.

STUCK BY THE GALE.

A Propeller's Hard Luck in Lake Michigan  
Yesterday.

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sible that the captain and some of the crew  
may have reached St. Helena in the other  
boat.

THE CHOLERA.

Four More Cases on Swinburne Island—  
Sanitary Regulations.

New York, October 4.—The quarantine  
authorities report today four additional cases  
among the cholera-stricken patients on Swin-  
burne island. The names of two of these  
latest victims are Uferia Del Gorno, aged  
twenty-seven years, and Maria Vicaria, aged  
four years. This makes a total of fourteen  
deaths among the passengers taken from the  
cholera-infested steamship Alasia, after her ar-  
rival in this port several days ago. There are  
others sick with the disease. Health authori-  
ties, however, claim that the condition of the  
quarantined passengers in Observation hospital  
has improved very much, and that there is a  
most hopeful state of affairs during the  
past twenty-four hours.

THE STEAMSHIP ALASIA, which brought the  
cholera-stricken passengers, today came up  
from quarantine to her Brooklyn pier.

LONDON, October 4.—Cholera returns from  
Malta show 28 new cases and 20 deaths during  
the past week.

ROME, October 4.—Nineteen new cases of  
cholera and 11 deaths were reported in Mes-  
sina during the past twenty-four hours.

SALUTING THE VICTOR.

The Volunteer Leaves For Marblehead—  
Cheered by the Multitude.

New York, October 4.—The Volunteer left  
for Marblehead this morning, via East  
River and Long Island Sound. The vessel  
was escorted by a train of gaudily  
and richly dressed men bearing banners of  
a strange device and arms of the federal  
government, while the city's militia, in  
full dress, followed in a column, and when  
they reached the harbor the ship was saluted  
by the guns of the fort.

At the center of the north end, upon a plat-  
form, were seated for the president and his  
wife, Mayor Francis and his wife, and Mr.  
Gale and wife. The triumphal procession  
moved to the front.

At 10 o'clock the guests were seated, an audi-  
ence of ladies entered in full dress costume,  
roundly applauded. Mrs. Cleveland was at-  
tired in a rich velvet dress, low neck and short  
sleeves, bodice cut square and a necklace of  
diamonds. For a few moments those on the  
floor gathered near the platform, but soon re-  
turned to the seats.

At 11 o'clock the presidential party with-  
drew and were escorted immediately to the  
depot and were upon their way to Chicago.

At the depot the volunteers were met by a  
large number of the city's militia, and the  
Alton road has taken extraordinary  
precautions to insure the safety of the president to

THE TELEGRAPH SALE.

The Western Union Swallows the Baltimore  
and Ohio Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., October 4.—The Record  
this morning says:

It was authoritatively stated in this city yester-  
day that negotiations between the Western Union  
Telegraph company and the Baltimore and Ohio  
Telegraph company, which have been practically  
settled, will be consummated at the next annual  
meeting of the stockholders of the Baltimore  
and Ohio Railroad company. At that time  
the stockholders will be asked to authorize the  
company to purchase the Baltimore and Ohio  
Telegraph company, and to issue bonds to the  
amount of \$1,000,000 for the purpose.

A gentleman who has been prominently identified  
with all matters relating to recent affairs regarding  
the Baltimore and Ohio property, stated yesterday  
that the sale of the telegraph franchise was a  
part of the plan of the syndicate, which recently  
bought the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company.  
General Superintendent of the Baltimore and  
Ohio Railroad company, General Superintendent  
of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph company,  
and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company,  
all of whom are now in the city, are expected  
to be present at the meeting.

EVANGELICAL CONFERENCE.

A Call for a Meeting in Washington Next  
December.

New York, October 4.—A call, signed by  
many leaders of various Protestant denomina-  
tions, has been issued for a general conference  
of the Evangelical alliance, to be held in Wash-  
ington, D. C., in December, 1888. The pur-  
pose of the conference is to discuss the state  
of the Evangelical alliance for the year 1887,  
and to consider the best means for its im-  
provement.

First, what are the present perils and oppor-  
tunities of the Christian church and of the  
world?

Second, can any of them be met best by a  
healthy co-operation of all evangelical Chris-  
tians, and, if so, what are the best means for  
such co-operation?

Third, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Fourth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Fifth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Sixth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Seventh, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Eighth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Ninth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Tenth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Eleventh, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Twelfth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Thirteenth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Fourteenth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Fifteenth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Sixteenth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Seventeenth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Eighteenth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Nineteenth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Twentieth, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Twenty-first, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

Twenty-second, what are the best means to secure such  
co-operation, and to what end?

EVICTING THE WIDOW.

Bailiffs Meet With a Stout Re-  
sistance

AND AN AMPLE SUPPLY OF HOT WATER

Mr. Gladstone Speaks to a Deputation at  
Hawarden—Confident of Ireland's  
Freedom—Other Notes.

DUBLIN, October 4.—Crowds of people as-  
sembled at Gweedore today to witness the  
eviction of Widow Honar. The widow's home  
was found strongly barricaded, and the bailiffs  
were ordered to force an entrance, with cross-  
bars. The occupants gave them a warm recep-  
tion, throwing boiling water on their faces and  
down their backs. When the bailiffs succeeded  
in smashing in the front door an idiot dashed  
out of the house and violently attacked  
them. The crowd, now intensely excited, hissed  
and cursed the bailiffs, but was restrained  
from acts of violence by Father MacFadden.  
The bailiffs opened holes in the sides of the  
house and the occupants replied with another  
torrent of boiling water, the spectators cheer-  
ing frantically.

Finally the cable, with a part of the roof,  
fell with a crash. The inmates, cheered by  
spectators, replied by throwing a volley of  
stones at the police. The latter, after a des-  
perate effort, succeeded in entering the house,  
and dragging out the tenant's son-in-law,  
named Gallagher, who had on only his shirt  
and trousers. Gallagher's wife was also  
dragged out, and both were carried to a single  
racks on doors. After the police had left the  
scene the crowd reinstated the tenants. Mr.  
O'Donnell, a local politician, declared that he  
will visit Gweedore immediately.

GLADSTONE SPEAKS AGAIN.

And Shows How the Crimes Act is Gaining  
Ground for the Liberals.

LONDON, October 4.—Speaking to a deputa-  
tion at Hawarden today, Mr. Gladstone said:  
Although the liberals sustained a smashing  
victory in the election, the present year  
was full of signs that the judgment of the na-  
tion, when again pronounced, would be far dif-  
ferent. The Irish question continued to cast  
its shadow over the government. The ques-  
tion of the Irish question continued to cast  
its shadow over the government. The ques-  
tion of the Irish question continued to cast  
its shadow over the government.

He did not believe that the end would be  
reached. Little progress would be possi-  
ble in Ireland, and they did everything in  
Irish question was brought to a happy con-  
summation. It was that, said he, that had  
caused the block in the last session of parlia-  
ment. The fact was that he had made a single  
proposal during the whole session. It was not  
by him, or his friends, that the progress of  
the bill had been stopped; it was because the  
government found it necessary to occupy the  
time of parliament with miserable and mis-  
chievous retrogressive proposals. [Cheers.]

Referring to the liberal-conservative alliance,  
he said that he had no objection to the ap-  
pearance of the university library in charge of  
Miss Sarah Friserson, the first lady librarian.  
The library will be open in college hours, and  
students and all who wish to use it may do so.  
The library is being built on the site of the  
old library, and will be a fine building.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

Record of Games Played Throughout the  
Country.

AT CLEVELAND.  
Cleveland Indians defeated the  
Cleveland Blues 10 to 0.

AT PHILADELPHIA.  
Philadelphia Athletics defeated the  
Philadelphia Phillies 10 to 0.

AT PITTSBURGH.  
Pittsburgh Pirates defeated the  
Pittsburgh Pirates 10 to 0.

AT BOSTON.  
Boston Braves defeated the  
Boston Braves 10 to 0.

AT NEW YORK.  
New York Giants defeated the  
New York Giants 10 to 0.

AT ST. LOUIS.  
St. Louis Cardinals defeated the  
St. Louis Cardinals 10 to 0.

AT CHICAGO.  
Chicago Cubs defeated the  
Chicago Cubs 10 to 0.

AT SAN FRANCISCO.  
San Francisco Giants defeated the  
San Francisco Giants 10 to 0.

AT PHOENIX.  
Phoenix Cardinals defeated the  
Phoenix Cardinals 10 to 0.

AT LOS ANGELES.  
Los Angeles Dodgers defeated the  
Los Angeles Dodgers 10 to 0.

AT SAN DIEGO.  
San Diego Padres defeated the  
San Diego Padres 10 to 0.

AT SAN ANTONIO.  
San Antonio Spurs defeated the  
San Antonio Spurs 10 to 0.

AT DALLAS.  
Dallas Cowboys defeated the  
Dallas Cowboys 10 to 0.

AT HOUSTON.  
Houston Oilers defeated the  
Houston Oilers 10 to 0.

AT MEMPHIS.  
Memphis Tigers defeated the  
Memphis Tigers 10 to 0.

AT KANSAS CITY.  
Kansas City Royals defeated the  
Kansas City Royals 10 to 0.

AT CINCINNATI.  
Cincinnati Reds defeated the  
Cincinnati Reds 10 to 0.

AT COLUMBIANA.  
Columbian Braves defeated the  
Columbian Braves 10 to 0.

AT INDIANAPOLIS.  
Indianapolis Colts defeated the  
Indianapolis Colts 10 to 0.

AT DETROIT.  
Detroit Tigers defeated the  
Detroit Tigers 10 to 0.

AT MILWAUKEE.  
Milwaukee Braves defeated the  
Milwaukee Braves 10 to 0.

AT MINNEAPOLIS.  
Minneapolis Twins defeated the  
Minneapolis Twins 10 to 0.

AT ST. PAUL.  
St. Paul Saints defeated the  
St. Paul Saints 10 to 0.

AT WASHINGTON.  
Washington Senators defeated the  
Washington Senators 10 to 0.

AT BALTIMORE.  
Baltimore Orioles defeated the  
Baltimore Orioles 10 to 0.

AT PHILADELPHIA.  
Philadelphia Athletics defeated the  
Philadelphia Athletics 10 to 0.

AT PITTSBURGH.  
Pittsburgh Pirates defeated the  
Pittsburgh Pirates 10 to 0.

SOUTHERN MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Resolving at this Institution for the Regu-  
lar Fall Session.

The opening exercises of the Southern Medi-  
cal college occurred yesterday morning at 10 o'clock  
in the chapel of the college, there being a number  
of citizens and a large number of students present.  
The introductory address was made by Dr. J. M.  
Ward, professor of physiology. The doctor's address  
was an admirable one. It embraced a retrospective  
view of the last forty years, and the progress  
made in the science of medicine during this period.  
Thomsonianism, eclecticism and homoeopathy were  
mentioned, and contrasted with the regular medi-  
cine. Elder J. M. Ward, who is a regular physi-  
cian, and who has been successful in his practice,  
and his was shown. Dr. Ward claimed that it was  
not first in the south, and the first one who had  
made it was made in Georgia. Touching  
modern medicine the speaker had much to say. His  
remarks regarding surgery were instructive, and  
most startling. He told of the wonders of this art;  
he sketched some of the marvelous cures effected by  
the skillful use of the knife, and he related a case in  
which, five feet in length, had been successfully re-  
moved, and how, marvelous to tell, the patient had  
recovered.

He spoke of the doctors during the war, and  
claimed that the war had done more for the  
surgical appliances in the south, the southern sur-  
geons compared favorably with those of the north  
in all departments of surgery. He mentioned the  
and ingenuity in improving surgical devices, and  
the development and use of indigenous plants and  
medicines. He mentioned the use of the electric  
current and kindness that existed between the  
surgeons of the north and south, and the well-  
known fact that they were thrown together in the  
army, and at home—those who were well-  
known to each other. He showed how great  
was the progress of surgery, and how much it had  
advanced since the war. He mentioned the use of  
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## THE CONSTITUTION;

Published Daily and Weekly.

## THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

Delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed, postage free, at \$1.00 per month, \$2.50 for three months, or \$10.00 a year.

## THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION

(Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, post-paid, for \$1.35 a year, or for \$1.00 in clubs of five or more. Address all letters to

THE CONSTITUTION,  
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 5, 1887.

## The Credit of the Exposition.

It is abundantly true that the credit of the exposition is due to any one or two persons, even that an excessive part of the credit is due to one or two persons.

The making of the Piedmont exposition is unprecedented. The work attending has been enormous, diversified and constant. No one man, nor two men, nor half men could have done any unusual work of this kind. It has been fairly and ably divided among the board of directors.

Each man has honestly and earnestly done his part, and if any man had attempted to do his own work, he would have failed.

The credit of the exposition is due largely to the public spirited people of Atlanta and the Piedmont region. The executive part of the work has been done by the board of directors. It is doubtful if a better or more representative board was ever collected in the city. They have been patient, constant and devoted. Each man has had his part to do from the beginning, and each has done his work. That the people may be made to whom the credit is due we print a list of the board:

W. M. BAIN,	E. P. CHAMBERLIN,
C. KIRK,	J. W. ENGLISH,
D. MEADOR,	JOHN A. FITZGERALD,
W. W. ADAMS,	J. KINGSBERRY,
W. W. WATKINS,	S. H. PHELPS,
L. PREL,	E. RICH,
L. LANSFORD,	P. H. BOND,
COOPER,	S. M. INMAN,
B. BULLOCK,	O. C. FULLER,
D. GERRIN,	STEWART F. WOODSON,
D. WILSON,	S. W. EVERETT,
H. HILL,	A. W. HILL,

The president and the vice-president, with people of Atlanta, put the credit of the entire work of the exposition just where it belongs, on the shoulders of these men, night after night, and day after day, forsaken their business, and given their time to the work. Not only have they done this, but they have given their credit to the work. They have loaned their credit to the work, and they have loaned their credit to the work.

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and other municipalities, he would have been voted a sturdy president—and he is anything but a sturdy president.

We think we may assure the Sun, also, that he is not particularly troubled about speeches he is called upon to make. Only a political fakir would be troubled about such things as these. An honest man is sure of himself before any crowd, and he is sure of the crowd also, for honesty and sincerity carry with them their own stamps and trademarks. They cannot be counterfeited. These are Mr. Cleveland's strength—his honesty, his simplicity and his sincerity. Not all the cranks, nor all the burlesques in the country could affect his candor before the people.

This Chicago Inter-Ocean, republican, wants the president taken care of while he is in that city. This is a patriotic. While Mr. Cleveland is passing through Chicago on his way to Atlanta, he should be permitted to feel the full strength of the raw hospitality of the northwest.

## A Cable Romance.

A sensational story was cabled from Vienna, the other day, concerning a beautiful Russian aviator known all over Europe as "The Golden Hand."

Just why the lady is called "The Golden Hand," does not very clearly appear, unless it is on account of her phenomenal success as a speculative operator in the matrimonial market. It appears that this remarkable woman, who, by the way, has been sentenced by the tribunal at Moscow to transportation for life to Siberia, has been married sixteen times. She married men of all nations and all creeds. As a rule her husbands were wealthy men, and it was her custom to run away from them carrying all the money and jewels that she could take with her. Years ago she was sent to Siberia for some offense, but she tried her arts upon the chief overseer of the prison with such success that he ran off with her to Constantinople, where they were married. With base ingratitude she deserted this man and returned to Russia, where she fell into the hands of the police. The lady speaks five languages fluently, and is said to be a highly accomplished and charming woman. While her circumstances have always been anything that she could desire, she seems to have found it impossible to resist the temptations of the criminal career which she has followed since she first bled into womanhood. It is quite likely that her sixteen husbands will hold a convention and see what can be done to make her sojourn in Siberia pleasant.

## Bennett's Latest Venture.

The announcement of James Gordon Bennett's purpose to start a great daily in Paris to be called the European Herald is not altogether a surprise. For some years Mr. Bennett has been considering this or a similar project. His first idea was to establish a paper in London that would rival the Times in enterprise and influence, but the difficulties in the way appeared to be insurmountable.

It is too early to pass judgment upon the wisdom of Mr. Bennett's latest venture, but if he is determined to establish a newspaper in one of the European capitals Paris doubtless offers a more inviting field than London. The English are thoroughly insular, and their favorite style of journalism is the very opposite of the school in which Mr. Bennett has been trained. In Paris the popular journals of the day, while very inferior to ours in their news service, somewhat resemble their American contemporaries in their light, gossipy, sensational features.

The European Herald may be a failure, but its chances will certainly be better in Paris than they would be in London. If the venture succeeds it will be a signal illustration of the aggressive power of American brains, pluck and capital.

## Southern Banking Facilities.

The New Orleans Times-Democrat quotes some interesting bank statistics from the illustrated South, a new periodical issued from Nashville. In 1882 the capital of the 217 national banks in the south amounted to \$45,597,070, the 257 state banks to \$30,103,989, beside 305 private banks of unknown capital. In 1887, 398 national banks in the south had \$66,610,323 capital, and the 338 state banks \$48,247,179 capital, beside 357 private banks. The incorporated banks increased in number in the five years from 474 to 735, and their capital increased from \$81,787,030 to \$144,644,780. Private banks in the meantime increased in number from 305 to 397. Commenting on these figures, the Times-Democrat remarks:

It is the misfortune of the south to live under a national system of banking currency which is adapted to the economic conditions of other sections of the nation radically different in many important particulars. North of the Ohio the banking institutions and facilities are probably the most abundant and popular that can be found in any country of the world. It is an essential result of this situation that immense producing, mercantile and financial systems of other sections can be well accommodated with a comparatively moderate supply of current money. A currency is adapted to such conditions, obtaining from these sections, and the south has to live under a system of banking and credit system on a quite opposite scale, being the most meager to be found in communities of such wealth in capital and production to be found anywhere in the progressive commercial nations of the world.

It is likewise the misfortune of the south that here most of the trouble lies—that congress has lacked the foresight and the statesmanship to so modify the national banking law as to fit them to the demands and necessities of a period of peace. The law as it stands was framed to meet the exigencies of war. It was an admirable law for that purpose, but it is not an admirable law so far as the financial needs of the present are concerned.

It imposes a tax of ten per cent on the currency of state banks and prohibits loans on real estate. The result of this prohibition is very embarrassing to those who desire to borrow money, but who have nothing but real estate security to offer; for it is not every man, nor even every man out of one hundred, who is able to put up government bonds as collateral. Southern trade and southern industry are placed at a terrible disadvantage by this law, in fact they are heavily handicapped.

The remedy for congress to modify the national banking law to suit the needs of

the present, and to remove the unnecessary restrictions that have been thrown around the operations of the state banks.

COLONEL J. W. WATSON, one of the many authors of "The Beautiful Snow," announces in the current number of Mr. Allen Thorne's monthly newspaper that he killed a boar-constructor eighty feet long while visiting the king of Dahomey. Will Colonel Watson please step forward and allow us to attach a bunch of fine, ribbon to his tattered name?

## Our Dispute With Canada.

Secretary Bayard has appointed the men who are to act with him in the joint commission on the fisheries dispute. The English commissioners were appointed some time ago.

Some difficulty is apprehended by reason of the attitude of Sir John Macdonald, the premier of Canada, who will be the chief representative of England in the joint commission. Sir John has expressed very clearly his views as to the rights of the United States in relation to disputed fisheries. He takes the extreme British position and concedes nothing to our fishermen. His construction of the treaty of 1818 would restrict the rights of American fishermen in Canadian ports to an extent that would not be accepted in this country as a satisfactory solution of the present misunderstanding. Mr. Chamberlain is believed to be more liberal than Sir John in his construction of the treaty. Should the Canadian premier prove stubborn in the support of these views he has expressed on this question, Mr. Bayard and his associates on the commission will not be able to accomplish much. The average Englishman is hard to convince on any subject. And when you take an English politician and try to reason with him about the rights of his government for some offense, but she tried her arts upon the chief overseer of the prison with such success that he ran off with her to Constantinople, where they were married. With base ingratitude she deserted this man and returned to Russia, where she fell into the hands of the police. The lady speaks five languages fluently, and is said to be a highly accomplished and charming woman. While her circumstances have always been anything that she could desire, she seems to have found it impossible to resist the temptations of the criminal career which she has followed since she first bled into womanhood. It is quite likely that her sixteen husbands will hold a convention and see what can be done to make her sojourn in Siberia pleasant.

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## EDITORIAL POSTSCRIPT.

CALIFORNIA'S BOOM is said to be collapsing. Georgia is the California of the future.

ACCORDING TO SOME Dakota papers, that territory has a population of three-quarters of a million. Ananias was the original Dakota editor.

THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Cleveland will have a snack of a genuine Indian summer in Georgia. This season is fine enough, even for Mr. Cleveland.

DETROIT FREE PRESS: There may be some question yet about the Foraker snub, but there can be none as to the snub administered at St. Louis to Fairchild and Tuttle.

NEW YORK COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER: The latest fabrication of the Georgia snake liar concerns a rattlesnake that was not far out at sea, apparently on its way home from a foreign country.

THE GREAT NEW YORK Herald and the ponderous New York Tribune are united in a letter war on young Mr. Garrison, the leading jockey of America. At last accounts Mr. Garrison had the best of the fight.

THE LABORING NEWS OF Chicago are subscribing for a copy of the Georgia snake liar. We have noticed that while Mr. George always comes out ahead when a collection is taken up.

IF OUR YACHTS can outlast those of the British, why cannot our ships beat them in the great race for the world's carrying trade. We need to do that. Now the United States flag is seldom seen even in our own ports. There is something wrong.

BOY SCOUTS' CROWNS mandarin over the fate of the Chicago anarchists, and advises himself as the most sympathetic of men. It seems to us that the tender-hearted crowd would put his valuable sympathy to a better use if he bestowed it on the widows and children of the brave policemen who were murdered by his poor dear anarchists.

ONE OF THE republican leaders in the local press in Ohio this year is the abolition of the fee system of paying county officers. The Cleveland Leader (rep.) explains that in the county where it is published (Cuyahoga) more than \$50,000 a year "would be saved to the county by this change, and at the same time remove the temptation now offered to spend large sums of money on elections."

MR. BAYARD has appointed two good men to cooperate with him on the Canadian fisheries commission. They are Louis William Putnam, of Maine, and President James B. Angell, of the University of Michigan. The former is a democrat and the latter a republican. Both are men of high character and acknowledged ability. President Angell was our envoy extraordinary to China who arranged the present Chinese treaty.

AS A LOW RAILROAD engineer went mad in his cell Wednesday night, and had it not been for a quick-witted and courageous fireman, would probably have wrecked his train and killed many passengers. Occurrences of this nature serve to show how much depends upon a locomotive driver. Thousands of lives are hourly dependent upon his judgment and ability, and the history of railroad accidents proves that the engineer is generally worthy of his trust.

IT IS ESTIMATED that no less than 90,000 people went from this country to Europe during the past summer. Americans are the most extravagant travelers in the world, and this host of star-gazing tourists spent from \$75,000,000 to \$80,000,000 on their summer trip. It is possible to take in the regular European rounds and see the world, but it is not possible to see the world with a lavish hand. Whenever the European sharper sees him coming, he smiles a big, loud smile.

LAST SUNDAY REV. JOSEPH PARKER, of London, preached his first sermon in this country during his present visit. He occupied Plymouth pulpit and preached from the text "He is not here, but risen." His sermon was a fine specimen of rhetoric delivered with dramatic force. One of his most striking remarks was: "The day will come when he will be esteemed the greatest minister of Christ on earth, the greatest and truest preacher of the Christian church who keeps us on 'bread and water.'"

A great congregation listened attentively to Dr. Parker's sermon, and a general sense of disappointment. "Not like Beecher," the people said as they went home. If the Plymouth church folks are looking for a preacher like Beecher they might as well stop.

## IMPORTANT BATTLE IN AFRICA.

King Mwanga, Murderer of Bishop Hannington, Defeated with Great Slaughter. London Dispatch to New York Sun.

A white girl who was reported that Mwanga, the king of Uganda, who has made himself famous by murdering Bishop Hannington and hundreds of missionaries, had sent a message to the king of the Congo, Kibira-Raga, the king of Unyoro. The messengers who returned to Zanzibar last week, after informing him that Stanley was coming to his relief, say the war has been a long and bloody one, and that Mwanga, who sits in the seat of power that thirty-six conquering kings of Uganda have occupied, has been badly defeated.

The rulers of Uganda for centuries have been despotic, successful in war. Even Unyoro with its 500,000 inhabitants and its proud kings, who came from the warlike Gallas of East Africa, has long been little more than a vassal of Uganda's sovereignty. But now the king of Unyoro, Mwanga, has been taken by Kibira-Raga, who, Sir Samuel Baker says, was despised by Mwanga, the father of Mwanga, as a person worthy only of contempt.

## Mr. Crow's Fire-Clay.

From the London Gazette.

It is true Mr. Crow, that you have found a lump of the best kind of fire-clay on your property south of town.

"Yes, sir."

"Do you intend manufacturing fire-bricks?"

"Yes, I have found an opinion of the clay to eastern capitalists."

"Who are they?"

"Manufacturers of imported French candles."

## BRIEF AND BRIEFERS.















